





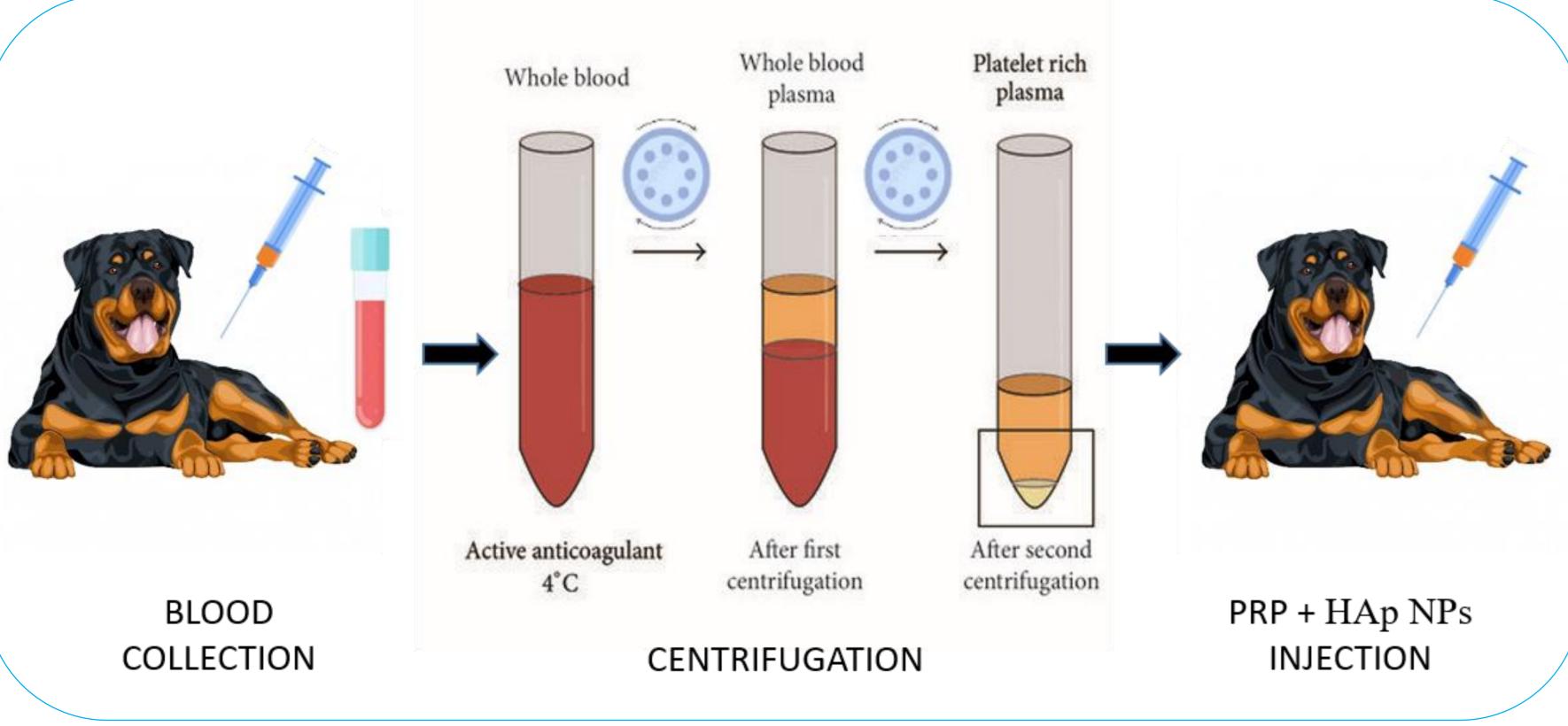
Osteogenic lesion regeneration in a dog using the integrative action of platelet-rich plasma and hydroxyapatite nanoparticles Innocenzi E<sup>1</sup>, Marconi G<sup>2</sup>, Altigeri A<sup>1</sup>, Zepparoni A<sup>1</sup>, Caciolo D<sup>1</sup>, Monteleone V<sup>1</sup>, Alimonti C<sup>1</sup>, Ghisellini P<sup>3, 5</sup>, Rando C<sup>3, 5</sup>, Pechkova E<sup>4, 5</sup>, Eggenhöffner R<sup>3, 5</sup>, Scicluna M T<sup>1</sup>, Barbaro K<sup>1, 5\*</sup>

## Introduction

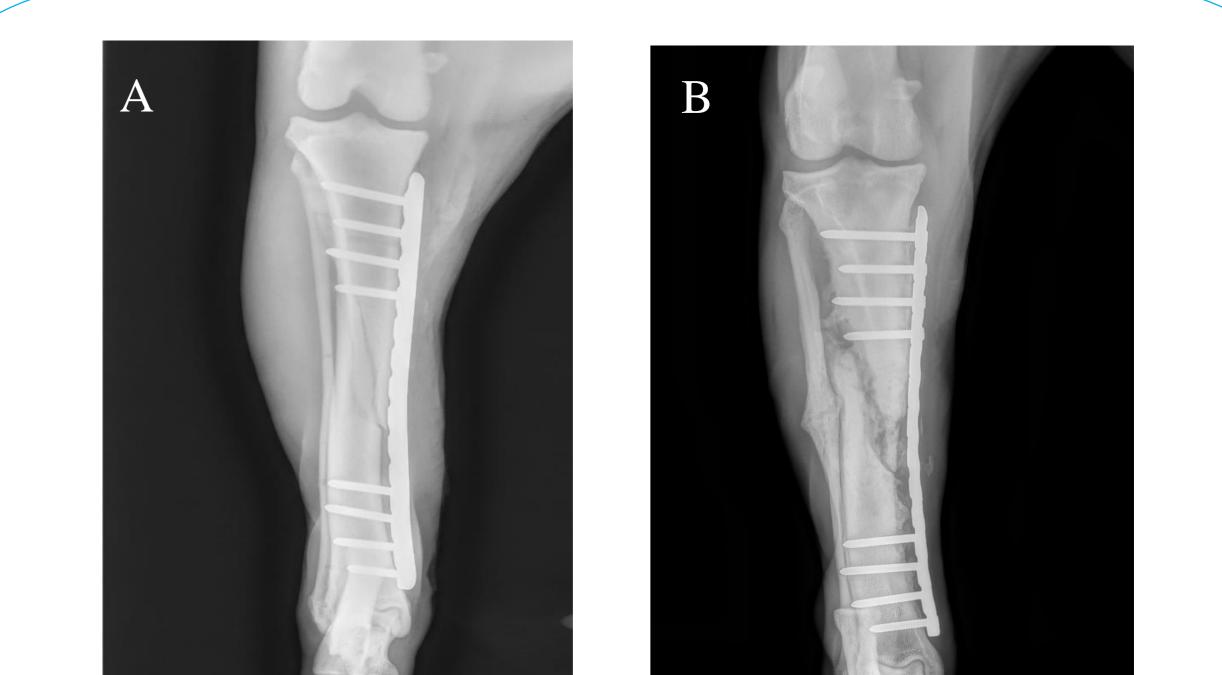
## **Results and Discussion**

An important line of application in regenerative medicine is the Studies have recently increased in the field of use of platelet concentrates that may differ according to the innovative nanotechnologies, the interesting role of of the platelet concentration, the method biomaterials, highlighing their quality versatility of and administration and the desired clinical application. Platelet Rich exploitable physical properties, in potential Plasma (PRP) is the best known and the most used blood association with the regenerative ability of blood component that contains high levels of platelets. Its ability to hemocomponents, in areas such as regenerative stimulate tissue regeneration is due to the high concentration of therapy, tissue engineering, engineering and functionalization of new scaffolds. various growth factors which induce tissue repair through neoangiogenesis, stimulating present collagen deposition and For this reason, the combination between the physical properties of biomaterials and the regenerative ability of blood hemocomponents, have become very In veterinary clinical practice, this therapeutic strategy is used in important in regenerative therapy. many orthopaedic pathologies and for different species. In our case of study, we show that after four weeks from the traditional surgical approach for the implantation of a medial plate, the lesion got worse, due to the loss of bone substance (Figure 2B). Conversely, after one treatment of the injury using This study describes the clinical case of a Rottweiler of 13 the combination of PRP and hydroxyapatite months with a spiral fracture of the tibia (Figure 1). nanoparticles (HAp NPs), it was possible already from 10 days post treatment to observe the formation of the bone callus and a good functional response of Whole blood Platelet rich Whole blood plasma plasma the animal accompained by an increase of the local muscles due to the recovery of the use of the limb by the patient (Figure 2C).

recalling blood stem cells, thus contributing to the increase of cell proliferation and differentiation in the damaged area. However, for some pathologies with higher level of damage it is necessary to proceed with an integrated approach, mediated by the association between PRP and nanoparticles to provide also a structural support that assists tissue regeneration.

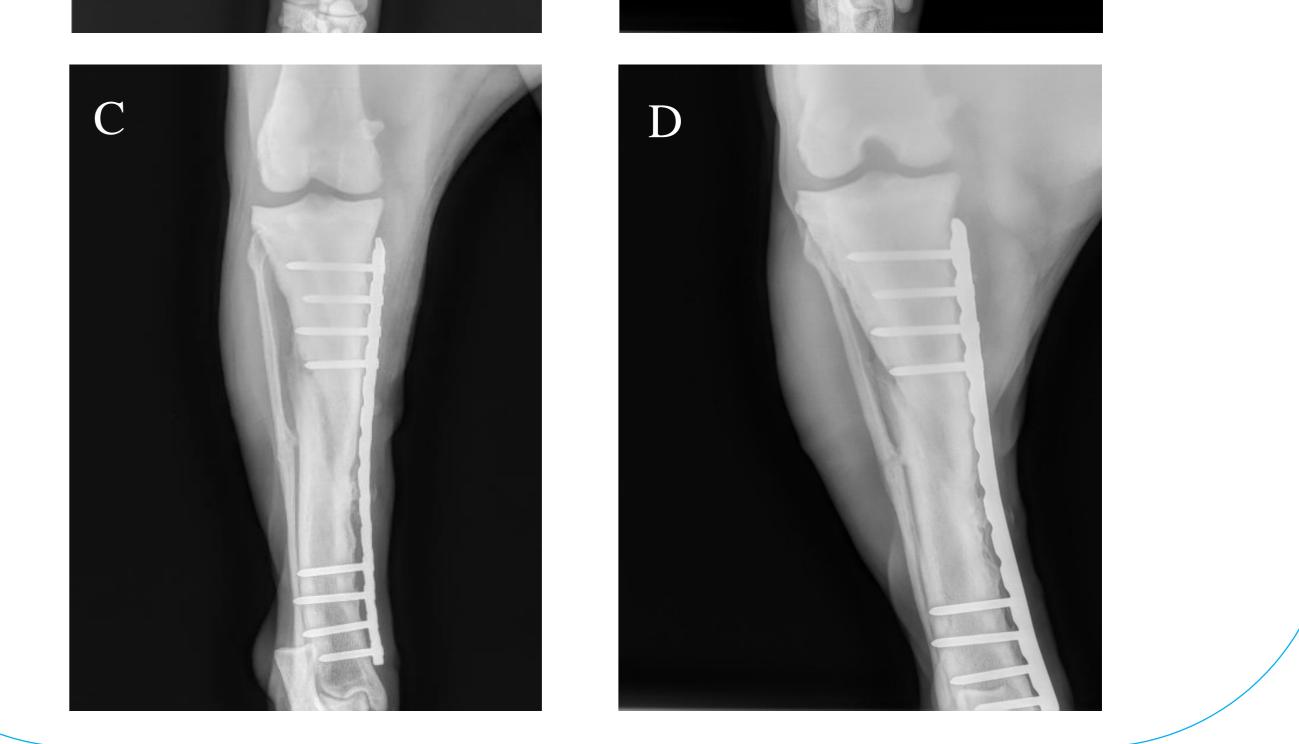


**Figure 1**. Blood collection, PRP + HAp NPs therapeutic preparation and inoculation





This clinical case well represents the potentiality of this combined treatment to better handle and recover a severe osteogenic lesion, thus demonstrating the integrative role of hydroxyapatite nanoparticles in the bone reconstruction. In conclusion, the combined use of blood products together with the nanoparticles represents the best strategy to enhance and integrate the current applications of regenerative medicine, to further increase the therapeutic potential of this field of study and to cure an ever higher number of pathologies.



**Figure 2.** X-rays of tibia A) post-surgery B) 4 weeks after surgery C) 10 days after treatment with PRP and HAp NPs D) recovery